matters of individual teterest, will be charged for at advertising rates.

To Correspondences,—in order to receive attention, communications must be accompanied by the true name and address of the writer. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned unless the necessary stamps are furnished to repay the postago thereon. So We are not responsible for the views and opinions of our correspondents.

All communications should be addressed to "Editor Intelligencer," and all checks, drafts, money orders, &c., should be made payable to the order of E. R. MURREYY & CO.

Cer. Grant has returned to America His tramp around the world is over, and the question now is what will he do

The Supreme Court has appointed Hon. R. W. Shand, of Union, Reporter to the Supreme Court, for the term of two years. Mr. Shand is an able lawyer, and will no doubt make an excellent Re-

The Chicago Inter-Ocean replies to the remark of Hon. G. D. Tillman, of Edgefield, that the Democratic party will never have a free swing for showing its willingness and ability to reform this government until it secures a Democrat c President, by saying that a free swing is what Col. Tillman and his friends have deserved for many years. This is, however, not to be wondered at as coming from the Inter-Ocean, for a man who really deserves hanging always points out some other person that he would like to make a substitute for himself.

During the past week severe financial reverses have befallen prominent capitalists in Charleston. The banking house of James Adger & Co., has failed with liabilities reaching two million dollars, and by its failure has involved the firm of J. E. Adger & Co., dealers in hardware, &c., to such an extent as to necessitate a suspension of their business, besides one or two smaller business houses. These disasters have produced a shock to the business of Charleston not equalled by anything there since the panic of 1873. The bouses involved in these troubles are all composed of excellent gentlemen, whose reverses will be everywhere regretted, not only on account of the injury to business which will result from it, but also on account of the losses which the individual members of the several firms have sustain-

The Penttentlary Directors have been considering the treatment of convicts on the Greenwood and Augusta Railroad, in consequence of the startling fact that about one hundred out of two hundred and twenty-five have died during the last year. This is an appalling death rate, and demands a rigid investigation at the hands of the authorities who have the matter in charge. The State cannot afford to have the imputation of cruelty to prisoners placed upon her. When men commit crime we believe they ought to be punished, and are not at all sentimental upon the subject as to the man-ner in which it should be inflicted. There is, however, a great difference between punishing a criminal and treating one cruelly. We have always been in favor of working convicts on railroad and other public improvements, but we cannot endorse the employment of human beings in any enterprise which ensures such a frightful death rate. It is, however, due to the authorities of the Greenwood & Augusta Road that they should be heard before they are condemned for the treatment of the convicts they have been working. It may be that there are exaggerated reports in circulation, or that the culpability rests elsewhere than on their shoulders. Be this. however, as it may, the subject demands a full and fair investigation, with a view of putting the public scandal to rest and of correcting the inhumanity that is charged, if it is found to exist, no matter whence it may emanate.

The New York World gives the following advice to the South, which must commend itself to the people of this sec-tion as both sensible and expedient:

tion as both sensible and expedient:

The Northern Democracy are to be assalled as the upholders and defenders of an alleged cruel and coercive policy of the Southern Democrats in respect to dealing with the negroes as citizens, as voters and as laborers. In the face of such an impanding contest at the North-lit will not do for the South merely to protest that it has no policy to present, but must stand still to act as an umpire between the East and the West, should they disagree. Let the Southern States understand that they are self-governing States under the Constitution and then let the "selid South" prove what its civilization at home is to be, and what doctrines about free elections, finance, taxation and public economy its people will uphold. Since the Stalwarts will have it that "a solid South" dietates to the Noithern Democracy, let the "solid C-uth" accept the situation and put out its flag plainly and holdly, in order that the independent voters of New York may see for themselves what it is that the South seeks and was vindicate. General Chalmers, of Mississippi, in his materials and content is first choice for the Presidency, sets up a standard in our columns to-day which we do not think will terrify the business mes and the right-minded voters of the North.

In agreeing with this advice from the

In agreeing with this advice from the World, we hope the South will prepare to go into the Convention solidly for Senator Boyard for President, and General Hancock for Vice President, Let us have a policy and advocate it solidly, provided that policy is a wise and judiclous one. The South is a part of this Union, and as such has a right to a policy of its ewn. It is the conservative section of the government, and its policy is such as to command itself to every section of our common country, if it were only understood. It is our duty to ourselves and to our country to advocate our policy, that it may be understood and appreciated by the whole Union.

- Avakache: Memphia is greatly afflicted, but it is not alek unto death. It will speedly recover its lost health and regain all its trade, and ulirrately attain a prosperity without a prailed in the Missisippi Valley. Other ties have had yellow fever pages of survived, and marened steady of aid in prespectly and wealth and health, and Memphis will follow for a time their example.

to have in this instance.

"The interruption was so unexpected that the General was much taken aback, and as he took his sea only added:

"There was no harm meant."

A DUELLING PARTY.

A Threatened Encounter Between Cols. Joseph H. Earle and J. J. Dargan, of

A few days ago the announcement was mede that Cols. J. H. Earle and J. J. Dargan, of Sumter, had gone to Sand Bar Ferry, near Augusta, Ga., for the purpose of fighting a duel. The Chronicle and Constitutionalist, of Augusta, under date of 21st inst., gives the following account of the manner in which the meeting near that place was frustrated:

In yesterlay's Chronicle reference was made to the fact that two gentlemen of Sumter, S. C., had left that place for the purpose of coming to Georgia to fight a duel. One of the parties, Mr. J. J. Dargan, was arrested in Sumter Wednesday night, just as he was preparing to leave, and compelled to give bond to keep the peace towards the other principal, Mr. Jos. H. Earle, in the State of South Carolina. Mr. Earle was also arrested by the sheriff of Sumter, but managed to escape and c. A. on to Augusta, with his second, Mr. W. D. Blanding. These gentlemen reached the city Thursday night and proceeded to the Planters' Hotel, where Mr. Earle registered as Jos. Hayne, Macon, and Mr. Blanding as Wm. De-Sauseure, Savannah.

Mr. Dargan, after giving bond, immediately left for Augusta by way of Florence, Charleston and Branchville, in order to avoid any further arrest. At Branchville he met his second, Gen, Richardson, and the two came on to this city together from that point. As state 1 in yesterday's Chronicle, Chief Christian had received two telegrams from the Intendant of Sunter, requesting him to arrest the parties and giving a full description of each. When the South Carolina train rolled into the city yesterday morning, therefore, it was bearded by Lieut. Prather, who at once identified Dargan and Richardson from the description given to the police, and arrested them both, informing them politely but firmly that resistance would be useless. They yielded to the increase of the Planter's Hotel to effect the arrest of Mr. Earle, the other principal. He soon found and identified him, but upon attempting to take him into custody the officer. Soon afterwards Lieut. Prather, thereupon, thought it best to proceure a warrant before proceeding to extreme measures, and rode to the City Hall for that purpose, leaving Mr. B. F. Johnson, of the police force, to watch Mr. Earle. The latter, however, didn't wait for Lieut. Prather's return, but made his escape. Jumping into a buggy standing in front of the hotel, he jerked the r

The Latest News from the Party.

CCLUMBIA, Sept. 22.—When Col. Dargan was arrested yesterday morning he was informed by the chief of police that if he would give his parole for his appearance this morning he would be released forthwith. This he refused to do; and, at the earnest request of friends, he was placed in a room at a hotel, and a policemen put in charge of him. Between 11 and 12 o'clock last night he let himself down from a third story window and made 500d his escape. Gen. Richardson, who was not under arrest, left for Sumter last evening, but. I am informed, was not there this afternoon. There are no tidings of Maj. Earle, and it is generally believed that the parties will all succeed in reaching North Cavolina territory, and that the duel will be fought.

Shooting Affair at Spartanburg.

The following dispatch was sent to 'he Columbia Register from Spartanburg on Monday last:

There was quite a shooting effair here late this evening. T. J. Davis, rovenue official, had one John B. Painter under arrest, and while going up the office steps, Painter took a pistol from Davis and shot him severely, fracturing his thigh. Painter was pursued by a crowd and shot by a negro, but not fatally. Davis is said to have been drunk and walving his pistol about.

The Abbeville Bar out of Order -- "There v. 48 no Harm Meant."

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS.

Gleanings from our State Exchanges.

harged.
Clarendon Press: Several young gen-lemen in Manning are making a move o organize a rille company.

Darlington News: More sickness is recorted in the county than r some time

ast. Florence Times: The general opinion Florence Times: The general opinion among farmers now is that the yield of cotton will be much less than expected a month ago. Rust prevails to an unusual extent, and there will be but a small top crop gatheredThe dwelling of Mr. W. E. Shepherd, corner Dargan and Cheves streets, was consumed by fire on last Friday night. But little of the furniture was saved and, several members of the family lost their entire stock of clothing.

all ing into a buggy standing in front of the hotel, he picked the roins from the hands of hotel, he picked the roins from the hands of hotel, he picked the roins from the hands of the hotel, he picked the roins from the hands of the hotel, he had been stated the borse into a grant of the sample of the sample

course, be carried out by the present council.

Alken Journal and Review: Mr. Wm. Haywood, an old and highly respected citizen, died last week at his home in McTier Township. He is supposed to have been between 80 and 30 years of ago.

......Mr. Julius Benton met with a painful accident at his farm several miles from town. While engaged in the ginning of cotton one of his hands was caught in the gin and terribly cut.....The Granite-ville Company are making large shipments of their goods to different points. Additional wagons were run in order to facilitate the prompt filling of orders.

Chester State Bulletin: The dwelling of Capt. Thomas M. Sanders was destroyed by fire on last Tuesday evening, together with nearly all its contents, consisting of funiture, bedding, clothing, silver ware, &c. While the piano was being carried out it foll and seriously hurtone of the colored men, and in attempting to save something from the burning building another had the hair burned from his head. The house was a total loss, no one but Mrs. Sanders and the children being on the premises at the time the fire originated in the garret, and it is supposed was caused by rats nibble quatches. There was \$5,000 insurance on the property.

Sumter True Southern: The residence of Dr. J. E. Benebart of the garret.

**There was no harm meant."

Mr. Charles H. Durant's place, about six miles about Lynchobs and Lynchobs and Banser's account of the proceedings of the Abrille Court:

"It has long been the custom of the Abrilliang somewhat informal interchange of the amenities which usually exist between the Bench and Bar, and to compare the custom of the Abrilliang somewhat informal interchange of the amenities which usually exist between the Bench and Bar, and to compare the custom of the Abrilliang of the amenities which usually exist between the Bench and Bar, and to compare the custom of the Abrilliang of the amenities which usually exist between the Bench and Bar, and to compare the custom of the country of the compare the custom of the proceedings of the mentities which usually exist between the Bench and Bar, and to compare the custom of the country is a first bale of cottom both this year of both armies who choose to come, the custom of the country is a first bale of cottom both this year of both armies who choose to come, the custom of the country is a first bale of cottom both this year of both armies who choose to come, the custom of the country is a first bale of cottom both this year of both armies who choose to come, the custom of the country is a first bale of cottom both this year of both armies who choose to come, the country is a first bale of cottom both this year. The reunion is to be solely with a view line to compare the custom of the country is a first bale of the country as short time since, proposed remain on the country is country in the country is a first bale of the country as a first bale of the country

COLUMBUS, O1110, Sept. 15, 1879.

Kershaw Gazett: Dr. W. R. Nelson, a prominent citizen of the County, died on the 12th instant. He was be in in Fairfield County June 15, 1828, to left school at the ago of sixteen, to enter Company F, of the Palmetto Regiment, and bore himself gallantly in every engagement, from Vera Cruz to the City of Moxico...... The Court of Common Pleas and the Sessions Court for this County, during the September term, cost about \$500, of which \$83 went to pay the grand jurors; \$318.20 for petit jurors; the balliffs received \$51.30; State witnesses \$11.40, and other incidental expenses about \$27....Mr. A. C. Watts, living near Flat Rock, had three stacks of fodder and one stack of hay burned by an incendiary or the night of the 10th instant..... We he'r it rumored upon good authority that the South Carolina Raliroad will shortly put a freight line on the Camden branch, and in addition will run double daily passenger trips between Camden and Kingville. Verily this is an age of progress and onterprise, and the clever managoment of this road is not behind any set of railroad officials in the South.

Camden Journal: A number of our best citizens have made a call to their fellow-taxpayers to meet with them in convention, on Wednesday, the 24th instant, to adopt such measures as, in their judgment, will be best to stop an already overtaxed people from any further taxation in rogard to the Wateree free bridge......Messrs. John Burdell and Allen McCaskill, two of county commissioners, have announced their intention of declining to serve for the full term of their election, and will resign after the 10th October.....Summer ducks are invading the rice fields of West Wateree in great numbers, and the sportsmen over there are having a good time shooting them.

Lancaster Ledger: The railroad lots sold at Fort Lawn on Saturday last brought nominal prices.—averaging about \$15 a lot of one-half acre.

Marlboro' Planter: Over one hundred thousand dollars' worth of new goods have been brought into Bennettsville within two weeks.

Pickens Se

General Sherman Declines.

SALISBURY, N. C., Sept. 15.
In response to an invitation to attend a proposed grand reunion of the survivors of the Federal and Confederate armies, to take place here on the 23d of October next, Gen. W. T. Sherman replies as follows:—

October next, Gen. W. T. Sherman replies as follows:—

The time is too remote for me to make a promise, but I assure you that it would be most agreeble to me personally and socially to meet you on any suitable occasion. There is no use in my mineing terms. Whenever and wherever the honest men of North Carolina meet to allay sectional and party animosities and to cultivate fellings of fraternity and respect for their fellow citizens of the United States it will be to me most tempting to come. To Salisbury I would far prefer to come alone than as before, with a vast army, leaving desolation behind. But I must not be constued as assenting to the proposition that Confederate men and Union mc.: were alike worthy of a celebration for the terrible history of 1861-65. I would much profer to come on some civil occasion when all are absolutely equal, all alike interested in the present and future glory of our common courtry.

There were very few Union soldiers in

civic occasion when all are absolutely equal, all alike interested in the present and future glory of our common country.

There were very few Union soldiers in North Carolina during the war; though we believe the people were generally opposed to secession and the war, so that your meeting, if confined to surviving soldiers of North Carolina, will be in fact a Confederate reunion, where I would certainly be out of place. All soldiers in their social reunions glorify their deeds of heroism; and this reunion will hardly be an exception, and it would be a strange sight for General Sherman to cheor the victories of his enemies and respond to the claim that because the soldiers of North Carolina were brave and true to their State and section their cause was as sacred as ours, which finally triumphed and made our Union more glorious and more resplendent than before. Were I present and you should suppress this natural feeling, I would feel myself an intruder, marring the natural happiness of a festive c.casion.

I know that the soldier element were the first to lay aside the angry partisan feelings of the war, and are now leaders in the new epoch which is sure to add wealth and prosperity to our whole country, and when some occasion arises when we may all meet on common ground in North Carolina, to celebrate some revolutionary ovent or to encourage some modern enterprise, it will give me great pleasure to come to Salisbury, to Raleigh, to Guilford Court House, or any other place in the old North State.

Liout.-Gen. P. H. Sheridan politely declined an invitation on account of other pressing engagements, but warmly expressing himself in favor of the success of the movement. The managers of the proposed reunion is to be solely with a view to reconciliation and has no political significance.

Homicide At Camden.—The follow—

A DASTARDLY DEED.

A Hotel Blown Up Because the Proprietor

Columbus, Orio, Sept. 15, 1879.

Westerville, in this county, the head-quarters of Otterbein University and the backbone of the political prohibition party, has just now a sensation which should incarcerate some intemperate temperance people in the penitentiary.

Four years ago Henry Corbin, a saloon keeper, was ordered to case selling liquor in Westerville or abide by the consequences. He was arrested many thics and fined for selling liquor, for profane swearing and for all possible crimes, but he refused to give and declared his intention of staying by his saloon as long as he wanted to. One night a small building, in which his saloon was situated, was badly damaged by an explosion of a can of gunpowder, which some one had placed in the bar-room. The affair created great excitement, and the leading men of the village—preachers, teachers and doctors—were arrested, and an attempt was made to discover who placed the powder in Corbin's building, but all to no purpose, Corbin then removed his family from

and doctors—vere arrested, and an attempt was made to discover who placed the powder in Corbin's building, but all to no purpose.

Corbin then removed his family from Westerville, but recently returned and opened the Corbin Hotel and Saloon. His return awakened all the hostility formerly manifested toward him, and, socially, he was ostracized. Last night, at a late hour, an explosion shook the entire village, and peot/o rushed out to find the Corbin House in ruins and many neighboring houses more or less damaged. Although there was a number of people in the hotel at the time, no one was injured except Corbin, and he is badly hurt, having had his teeth knocked out, a hole made in his head and his chest hurt by heavy timbers, which fell on him from an upper story.

Mrs. Corbin, who was uninjured, says that from the nature of the explosion she is contident that the powder was placed directly under the room occupied by Mr. Corbin, his wife, babe and two small children. Her first knowledge of the trouble was the explosion, followed at once by the crash of falling timbers. The bed sho occupied with her husband and babe was blown from under them, and two children, occupying another bed, were thrown into the cellar, but they were only slightly injured. She found her husband under fallen timbers, and too much injured to rise. This morning a committee appointed by the mayor made investigation, and decided that the explosion was caused by a large quantity of gunpowder, which was placed in the cellar and ignited by a fuse leading from the street.

Last night two twenty-six pound kegs of gunpowder were stolen from a village store, and this was doubtless used by the dastards who did this deed. Citizens report that just before the cyplosion two men were seen near the hotel with a dark lantern, but no one thought their presence sufficiently suspicious to warrant an interference with their reovements.

The citizens say that they regret the explosion, because it will injure the temperance cause; but, although dozen buildings bei

AN INTERVIEW WITH HAYES.

He Talks About the Political Future-Grant, Satisted with Honors, not Likely to be a Presidential Aspirant.

CINCINNATI, September 13, 1879. A correspondent had a short talk with the President te day on the political future, and first asked in regard to the occupancy of the Presidential seat, and particularly of

and first asked in regard to the occupancy of the Presidential seat, and particularly of Grant's prospects.

"Gen. Grant will soon be back again in this country. Do you think, Mr. President, be will be a candidate for the Presidency for the third term?"

"I don't think he is seeking a renomination or desires it. Gen. Grant has enjoyed the highest honors the country could bestow on one of her citizens, and I think he is not desirous of having them repeated. He was undoubtedly the ablest General the war produced. His management of the armies under his control closed the war of the rebellion. After that he was made General of the Army, and then twice elected to the Presidential chair. Since his retirement from the Presidential office he has travelled abroad extensively, and everywhere he has received attentions of the most gratifying kind, such, in fact, 12-100 American citizen ever received in forcign countries before. All this must be extremely pleasing to Gen. Grant, and I doubt whether he would be willing to enter into another contest for office. I have no information from him, but I believe that he would much prefer to take some repose, keeping out of politics for the present."

TILDEN'S CHANCES.

"Do you think Tilden will be the Democratic nominee next year?"

"Everything points that way now. And yet Mr. Tilden has many enemies in his own party. I think he would be the easiest man beaten the Democrats could nominate. The attitude of Tammany towards him in the New York Convention shows that he is not able to keep his party in line. There is a suspicion of 'rickery hanging about Tilden among those who have been his followers. Look at Hewitt, who managed his campaign three years ago, and David Dudley Field, who went to Congress for the purpose of taking charge of his claims—both are now opposed to him. That is the way it seems to go with him. His most valuable allies in politics desert him."

"Do you regard him as a man of ability?"

"I do, undoubtedly. I think that there are few men who are his equals in organizing and conducting a campaign."

"Whom do you regard as the best man the Democrats could put forward?"

"I think Senator George L. I' nalleton is their most available man and their strongest. He has been before the people as a national character a long time. His abilities are of the first order, and he has fewer enemies than any public man in the party. Thurman is a man of great ability, but he has enemics right here at his own home. On the whole, I think Pendleton the best man the Democrats could nominate." "Do you think Tilden will be the Demo-

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

"Do you think the national bank ques-tion, which appears to be one of the Demo-cratic issues in this State just now, will be made a national issue in the next cam-

made a national issue in the next campaign?"

"No. The question that will be all-important in the next carryaign will be national supremacy, not national banks. The national banking system is so much superior to any State or private banking system that the country has ever enjoyed that it will not be ready to give it up, no natter how much it may be attacked by politicians. If it were abolished State banks would spring up all over the country, because some banking system is necessary to the wants of the people, and every system except this has always resulted in a wild-cat irresponsible currency. With the national banks issuing the paper money there is absolute security to the holders, and no danger at any time of their notes becoming depreciated."

A VERY Prourishing Factory.-The

— While a party of employees of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad were engaged repairing a well belonging to the company, at Silverstreet, on September 16 the wall caved in and buried alive a colored man. There was twelve feet of water in-the well, and the debris to the depth of ten feet covered him. The body has not been recovered.

General Grant's Reception.

Extensive preparations are being made here for the reception of General Grant. The steamer, "City of Toklo," on which lie is to arrive, will be met outside the roads by a yacht squadron and steamers with the reception committee and distinguished citizens on board. Salutes will be fired from the forts and the city decorated in honor of the occasion. The details of the programme are not yet arranged.

rated in honor of the occasion. The details of the programme are not yet arranged.

The route along the line of the procession will be decorated with flags and flowers, and a brilliant foral display will be made at the hotel. Colonel W. H. L. Barnes will introduce General Grant to the multitude, and an informal lece will be held, a grand banquet arranged for the 25th, and other programmes of arrangements agreed upon to suit the General's convenince, after the formal reception at City Hall on Monday. General Grant will probably be the guest of General McDowell at Black Point, a charming residence at the north end of the town, after an excursion around the bay to visit Fort Point and Lime Point.

He will also visit Senator Sharon, at Belmont, where a grand party will be given. He will afterward, it is probable, be the guest of Mr. J. S. Flood, at Menlo Park, for a few days, and will then visit San Jose and surroundings. Arrangements for a visit to Oregon and Washington Territory will be fixed after his arrival. The utmost enthusiasm prevails among all classes, and the committee is overwhelmed with offers of organization to participate in the demonstration. One offer of two hundred ex-Confederate soldiers has been made, so as to divest it of all political appearance. Some prominent Democrats will be selected as grand marshals of the procession. The committee now acting with the supervisors is composed equally of Republicans and Democrats. The reception of General Grant will exceed in grandeur and enthusiasm anything ever witnessed on this coast.

APTER A RAILROAD PRESIDENT.—On Monday night, at 2 o'clock, a party of unknown persons went to the residence of President W. H. Hardin, of the Choraw and Chester Railroad, and cursing fearfully, called for him to come out. Mr. Hardin was absent from home. Being apprised of the fact, the marauders vented themselves of a volley of horrid oaths, saying they had come to kill him, and although they had missed him, they would yet have their revenge. They rode into the yard and otherwise committed malicious trespass on the premises. Falling in their diabolical purposes, they dispacthed the yard dog. They fired two shots into the dog's body and then left. The invaders were unknown, as was also the cause of their dastardly conduct,—Chester Bulletin.

— It is said that the Treasurer of North Carolina has succeeded in retiring, under a recent act of the Legislature of that State, \$4,000,000 of the old debts, which is now represented by \$1,120,000 in the new bonds. This leaves about \$8,000,000 of the debt still outstanding.

A SSIGNEE'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
The creditors of Jas. C. Keys who have not yet proven their demands will take notice to do so within one month, else they will be excluded from the Dividend to be paid in said assigned estate.

JOSEPH N. BROWN, Assignee.
Sept 25, 1879

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BAGGING AND TIES. 500 Patterns Second Hand Bagging and Ties for sale CHEAP at Pen-Alleton Factory.
Wool carded better than ever at 10c per pound.

AUG. J. SITTON,
President Pen. M'Fg. Co.

Sept 25, 1879

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having demands against the Estate of '... S. Armstrong, deceased, are hereby notined to present the same, duly attested, or else be barred. And all persons owing the said Estate are requested to make payment at once.

A. S. ARMSTRONG, Adm'r.

Sept 25, 1879

EXTENSION OF TIME. WING to the stringency of the times, and at the special request of many indebted to me, I will extend the time for a settlement about one month longer. It will be best for every one to settle or make satisfactory arrangements at their carliest possible convenience. A word to the wise is sufficient!

Sopt 25, 1879

JULIUS POPPE. Sept 25, 1879

Notice of Sale.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of authority contained in the Will of Wilson Hall, deceased, and an order from the Court of Probate, the undersigned Executors of the said Wilson Hall, deceased, will sell at his late residence, 3½ miles south of Anderson C. H., the entire Estate, Real and Personal, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FOURTH of OCTOBER next, to wit:

One tract of land containing 305 acres, more or less; one horse, one taule, cattle, hogs, household and kitchen fu niture, corn, cotton seed, cotton, &c.

TERMS of SALE-Personalty for cash. The land one-third cash and the balance on credit of twelve months, secured by note and mortgage, with interest from day of sale. Purchaser may anticipate payment.

W. D. HALL, Ex'rs.

Sept 11, 1879

JAS. M. SULLIVAN.

BRAND NEW GOODS!

BRAND

BRAND

At the Benson House Place, in & Co.'s Drug

Sept 11, 1879 THE ATTENTION OF THE

LADIES OF ANDERSON IADIES OF ANDERSON

Is respectfully invited to my VALL

STOCK OF MILLINERY GOODS, which has been selected with care to suit the varied tastes of my customers. The stock of these Goods is elegant, and will be kept replenished as the trade may demand. The prices are in all instances as reasonable as can be found for the same c'oss of Goods anywhere else. Millinery, Mantua-Making, Stamping and Plaiting will be attended to promptly and carefully. The Ladies of the town and surrounding country are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing.

MISS DELLA KEYS, In Centennial House. Sept 25, 1879 11 2m

A GREAT WONDER.

The Elevated Railway of New York City-It is Exciting to See Trains of Cars running Rapidly over

your Head, always Crowded-Fare Cheap-Only 50 for 9 Miles.

THE undersigned made frequent use of these cars in rambling through the City, locking for Goods suitable for Pall Trade in this market, and we succeeded in ouying the Cheapest, Finest,

Prettiest, and BEST STOCK of GOODS We ever had, such as-BROADCLOTHS.

DOE SKINS. DIAGONALS, WORSTED SUITINGS, and FANCY CASSIMERES, In endless variety. Now, we have them in stock, and all we ask is to give us a trial, and we will do our best to satisfy you in taste, price and work. If we do not fit you perfectly, you need not take the clothes after they are put up. Remember, we will not BE UNDERSOLD.

We are also agents for the-"World's Favorite." SINGER SEWING MACHINE!

Large lot on hand, and great in provements.
Be sare to call and see the New Singer before you buy. We are prepared to offer great inducements to you in this line.
You will find up over Barr & Go's, Store.

IN THE FIELD WITH NEW ARRAY!

MISS LIZZIE WILLIAMS Has Just Returned from the North where, with her usual care, she Selected

FALL AND WINTER COODS, Which are Daily Coming in.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON. LADIES' STORE.

Our Stock is larger than it has ever been, and we promise to do our best to please customers. If you don't see anything you need, ask for it, as our room is too small to allow us to exhibit all our pretty things. We promise you the WORTH OF YOUR MONEY. Remember, we are determined not to be undersold.

Millinery and Mantua Department complete. Give us a call.

LADIES' STORE.

CUNNINGHAM

AGENCY FOR

Avery's Plows and Wagons, N. D. Sullivan's Chewing Tobacco.

BUILDERS, MECHANICS AND FARMERS KARDWARE,

Horse and Mule Shoes, Woodenware,

STAPLE DRY COODS.

GROCERIES.

HAVE Just Received a NICE and WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS. HATS, CAPS.

-ALSO-Consisting in LARGE STOCK OF CROCERIES. SUGAR. COFFEE.

And LACE LEATHER. At Prices that cannot be undersold.

Those that are indebted to REED & HERRICK for GUANO and Supplies will please come forward and settle the same by the time that it is due. Those that are indebted to the old firm of WILSON & REED must come forward and pay what they owe us, for we mean to have the old business wound up, and it shall be done.

WILSON & REED.

WE ARE ANXIOUS TO SEE YOU!

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS, heavy, standard and fushionable. BOOTS AND SHOES, to suit the most fastidious. HATS AND CAPS, for gentlemen and children. CLOTHING, the best stock at the lowest prices.
PIECE GOODS, CASSIMERES, JEANS, etc., in great variety.

GROCERIES, the most complete took, at rock bottom prices. HARDWARE, a large assortments. WOODENWARE, CROCKER: and GLASSWARE, Etc. BAGGING AND TIES A SPECIALTY.

We are determined to please everybody by selling LOW for Cash or Barter. We will always be found in the Cotton Market.

NO. 10 GRANITE ROW, ANDERSON, S. C.

C. S. MATTISON.

At the Benson House Place, next to Simpson, Reid

A New Stock of General Merchandise down to Solid Rock Prices !

BACCING and TIES always on hand, with Special Prices to Cotton Ginners. It will pay you

Notions, Shirtings, Woolen Goods. Sheetings, &c. &c. A COMPLETE STOCK OF

WONDERFUL! ASTONISHING! 500 USEFUL ARTICLES AT 5 CENTS.

Come and see the great attraction-our new Five Cent Counter.

WE, the undersigned, constituting the above firm, have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on a General Merchandise Business. The patronage of our friends and of the public generally is solicited.

JAS. M. SULLIYAN. C. S. MATTISON.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

WE ARE DAILY RECEIVING OUR FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF GOODS.

Which we can sell to the advantage of every one who will give us a trial. We are cash buyers, and sell for the cash, and will not be undersold, for a small profit is all

BOOTS and SHOES, a large stock-all prices. KENTUCKY MADE JEANS, bought direct from factory. LADIES DRESS GOODS and SHAWLS.

BAGGIN'G, TIES, AND

CROCERIES. Our stock of Groceries will always be complete. A full line of everything usually kept in a stock of general merchandise,

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

By W. W. Humphreys, Judge of Probate. WHEREAS, W. H. Haynie has applied

Large lot on hand, and greating provements. Be sure to call and see the New Singer before you buy. We are prepared to offer great inducements to you in this line.

You will find or over Barr & Go's, Store.

J. B. CLARK & SON.

Sept 25, 1879

11

Sm

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND LOT, in Andersen.

A Cheap. For particulars, &c., apply to J. C. WHITEFIELD.

Sept, 11, 1879

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4

To me to grant him Letters of Administration and the Personal Estate of Sarah N. Haynie deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said Sarah N. Haynie deceased, that they be and appear before me in the Court of Protate, to be held at Anderson C. H. on Saturday, the 11th of October, 1879, after publication hereof, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 19th day of September, 1879.

W. W. HUMPHREYS, J. P.

Sept, 25, 1879

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By W. W. Humphreys, Judge of Probate. WHEREAS, E. M. Watson has applied to me to grant him letters of administration, on the Personal Estate and effects of J. F. Mitchell, deceased.

effects of J. F. Mitchell, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonsish all kindred and creditors of the said J. F. Mitchell, deceased, to be and appear before me in Court of Probate, to be held at Anderson Court House, on Saturday, 11th of October, 1879, after publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said administration abould not be granted. Given under my hand thus 21st day of September, 1879.

W. W. HUMPHREYS, J. P. Sept. 25, 1879

BOOTS and SHOES.

Sept 25, 1879

REED & HERRICK

NOTIONS. BOOTS and SHOES. Which they offer at the VERY LOWEST CASH PRICES.

BACON, LARD, CHEESE, FLOUR, Hemlock and Oak Sole LEATHER.

Sept 25, 1879

As we have now in Store and receiving Daily from the Northern and Western Markets,

Sept 25, 1879

JAS. M. SULLIVAN.

BRAND NEW PRICES!

SULLIVAN & MATTISON,

& Co.'s Drug Store.

Boots and Shoes, Jeans, Clothing, Prints, Dress Goods,

STAPLE GROCERIES

5 Cents. 5 Cents. 5 Cents

PRINTS, a beautiful lire.

J. P. SULLIVAN & CO. Sept 18, 1879 STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

to me to grant him Letters of Administra-

HATS and CAPS